

Previous year questions and important questions are repeated so that students can do more practice for these questions.

CHAPTER 1

Development

- 101.** Which one of the following is not a developmental goal for the landless rural labourers?
- (a) More days of work and better wages.
 - (b) Local school is able to provide quality education for their children.
 - (c) There is no social discrimination.
 - (d) They can not become leaders in the village.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm101

- 102.** Which among the following is a developmental goal for the landless rural labourers?
- (a) To get electricity and water
 - (b) To educate their children
 - (c) More days of work and better wages
 - (d) To shift to the cities

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm102

- 103.** What would be the most appropriate aspiration of a prosperous farmer from Punjab?
- (a) local school is able to provide quality education for their children
 - (b) there is no social discrimination
 - (c) able to pursue her job in abroad.
 - (d) proper supply for irrigation

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm103

- 104.** To get more _____ industrialists may want more dams.
- (a) electricity
 - (b) water
 - (c) raw material
 - (d) all of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm104

- 105.** In order to get more income people need
- (a) regular work
 - (b) better wages
 - (c) decent price for their crops
 - (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm105

- 106.** “Besides seeking more income, people also seek things like equal treatment, freedom, security and respect of others”. What does the given statement signify?
- (a) Mixed goals are important for people for development.
 - (b) Common goals are important for people for development.
 - (c) Conflicting goals are important for people for development.
 - (d) Similar goals are important for people for development.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm106

- 107.** Besides seeking more income, one-way or the other, people not seek things like
- (a) equal treatment
 - (b) freedom
 - (c) security
 - (d) discrimination

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm107

108. What is the meaning of material goods?

- (a) They can be seen
- (b) They can be touched
- (c) They are tangible
- (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm108

109. What is the factor on which life depends?

- (a) material things
- (b) non-material things
- (c) Both of these
- (d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm109

110. There are many things that are not easily _____ but they mean a lot to our lives. These are often _____.

- (a) measured, ignored
- (b) ignored, measured
- (c) available,unavailable
- (d) available, measured

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm110

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111. If you get a job in a far off place before accepting it you would try to consider-

- (a) Facilities for the family
- (b) Job security
- (c) Opportunity to learn
- (d) all of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm111

112. Which type of environment may allow more women to take up a variety of jobs?

- (a) a safe and secured environment
- (b) respect for women
- (c) greater acceptance of women working outside
- (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm112

113. It is very important to keep in mind that different persons could have _____ as well as conflicting notions of a country's development.

- (a) same
- (b) different
- (c) not determined
- (d) all of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm113

114. Select the country where 500 tons of liquid toxic waste into open-air dumps

- (a) USA
- (b) Africa
- (c) Japan
- (d) China

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm114

115. When we compare different students usually we take one or more important characteristics of students and compare them based on these-characteristics such as

- (a) friendliness
- (b) cooperation
- (c) marks secured
- (d) all of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm115

116. For comparing countries, their _____ is considered

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to be one of the most important attributes.

- (a) Home
- (b) income
- (c) Gold
- (d) Property

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm116

117. The income of the country is the income of _____ of the country.

- (a) all the ministers
- (b) all the residents
- (c) all the men
- (d) all the women

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm117

118. Total income of the country divided by its total population is known as

- (a) per capita income
- (b) average income
- (c) both (a) and (b)
- (d) none of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm118

119. National income of a country divided by its total population is known as _____.

- (a) Gross Domestic Product
- (b) Per capita income
- (c) Net Domestic product
- (d) Depreciation

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm119

120. What is per capita income?

- (a) an indicator to show the living standard of men in a country
- (b) an indicator to show the living standard of ministers in a country
- (c) an indicator to show the living standard of people in a country

(d) an indicator to show the living standard of children in a country

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm120

121. Countries with per capita income of _____ and above in 2017, are called rich countries.

- (a) US\$ 12056 per month
- (b) US\$ 12056 per annum
- (c) US\$ 995 per annum
- (d) US\$ 995 per month

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm121

122. Countries with per capita income of _____ and less in 2017, are called low-income countries.

- (a) US\$ 995 per annum
- (b) US\$ 12056 per annum
- (c) above US\$ 12056 per annum
- (d) less than US\$ 12056 per annum

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm122

123. India comes in the category of _____ countries because its per capita income in 2017 was US\$ 1820 per annum.

- (a) low-income countries
- (b) low middle income
- (c) rich countries
- (d) none of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm123

124. The rich countries, excluding countries of Middle East and certain other small countries, are generally called _____.

- (a) poor countries
- (b) developing countries
- (c) developed countries
- (d) Rich countries

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm124

- 125.** ___ is the number of deaths per 1,000 live births of children under one year of age. The rate for a given region is the number of children dying under one year of age, divided by the number of live births during the year, multiplied by 1,000.
- Neonatal Mortality Rate (NMR)
 - Post-Neonatal Mortality Rate (PNMR)
 - Infant mortality rate (IMR)
 - Under-5 Mortality Rate (U5MR)

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm125

- 126.** What age group is considered in calculating infant mortality rate?
- between birth and age 1
 - between birth and age 2
 - between birth and age 3
 - between birth and age 5

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm126

- 127.** Literacy Rate measures the proportion of literate population in the _____ age group.
- 7 and above
 - 18 and above
 - 3 and above
 - 21 and above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm127

- 128.** What do you mean by Net Attendance Ratio?
- It implies the total number of children of age group 6-10 attending school
 - It implies the total number of children of age group 12-15 attending school
 - It implies the total number of children of age group 14-16 attending school
 - It implies the total number of children of age group 17-19 attending school

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm128

- 129.** What factors other than income are important

aspects of our lives.

- pollution-free environment
- a disease-free life
- protection from infectious disease
- All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm129

- 130.** “Girls in India in the rural sector are sometimes not able to get secondary level education” which of the following is not the correct reason for this situation.
- Society’s mind set which prefers boys getting better secondary and higher education.
 - Due to Poverty people are unable to provide basic education to their children
 - In villages women also constitute a major agricultural workforce which again works to their disadvantage.
 - Decreasing crime against women

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm130

- 131.** Kerala has a _____ Infant Mortality Rate because it has adequate provision of basic health and educational facilities.
- low
 - high
 - no
 - very high

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm131

- 132.** Which is a function of PDS? Select the correct option.
- Distribution of black market products
 - Control Hoarding, control process and control over charging.
 - Popularise black-marketing in the country
 - None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm132

- 133.** In Tamil Nadu, _____ per cent of the people living in rural areas use a ration shop, whereas in Jharkhand

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only _____ per cent of rural people do so.

- (a) 8,75
- (b) 75,8
- (c) 18,50
- (d) 55,65

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm133

134. What is the only way to find out whether we are properly nourished?

- (a) Body mass index
- (b) Sugar checking
- (c) B.P checking
- (d) Weight checking

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm134

135. How is BMI calculated?give the right order

1. the weight of the person is measured
 2. height is measured in meters
 3. The weight is then divided by the square of height.
 4. The height is then divided by the square of weight.
- (a) first 1 then 2 last 3
 - (b) first 2 then 1 last 4
 - (c) first 1 then 2 last 4
 - (d) first 3 then 2 last 1

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm135

136. If this BMI is more than _____, then a person is overweight, If this figure is less than _____ then the person would be considered undernourished.

- (a) 18.5,20
- (b) 25,18.5
- (c) 18.5,25
- (d) 20,18.5

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm136

137. The Human Development Report published by _____ compares countries based on the educational

levels of the people, their health status and per capita income.

- (a) IMF
- (b) UNDP
- (c) UNESCO
- (d) UNDP

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm137

138. Published by UNDP compares countries based on _____ of the people.

- (a) their health status
- (b) the educational levels
- (c) per capita income
- (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm138

139. What is HDI rank of Indian among 189 countries of the world?

- (a) 212
- (b) 189
- (c) 131
- (d) 314

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm139

140. How many countries are ranked in the HDI?

- (a) 212 countries
- (b) 189 countries
- (c) 314 countries
- (d) 889 countries

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm140

141. Which of the following organization calculates HDI India?

- (a) UNDP
- (b) UHID
- (c) GDP
- (d) HDI

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm141

142. Per Capita Income is calculated in _____ for all countries.
- euro
 - rupees
 - dollars
 - pound

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm142

143. We have not inherited this earth from our forefathers; we have borrowed it from our children.who said these words?
- Mr. Rajendra prashad
 - Gandhiji
 - Mr. Lester Brown
 - Mr. George Brown

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm143

144. Since the second half of the twentieth century, a number of scientists have been warning that
- Health and nutrition level is declining.
 - Per capita income is unstable.
 - Levels of resources are not sustainable.
 - Levels of development are not sustainable.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm144

145. In how many districts of India has reported a water level decline over 4 metre during the past 20 years?
- Over 500 districts
 - Over 1000 districts
 - Under 200 districts
 - Over 300 districts

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm145

146. What proportion of the country is over using their

groundwater reserves?

- One-Fourth
- One-Tenth
- One-Third
- half

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm146

147. Where is groundwater overuse particularly found?
- Punjab
 - Western U.P.
 - plateau areas of central and south India
 - All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm147

148. _____ is an example of renewable resources.
- Groundwater
 - Crude oil
 - Coal
 - Natural Gas

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm148

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149. "Consequences of environmental degradation do not respect national or state boundaries." which of the following statement not justify this statement.
- Environmental degradation issue is no longer a regional or national issue.
 - Our future is linked together. Sustainability of development is essential for all the mankind and it is our common responsibility to save the environment.
 - These days it is a matter of discussion among

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different countries of the world.

- (d) Global warming, acid rain, etc., are to be controlled by one nation. It is a personal matter of thinking and finding the solutions.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm149

- 150.** Development of a country can generally be determined by
- (a) its per capita income
 - (b) its average literacy level
 - (c) health status of its people
 - (d) all the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm150

- 151.** Human Development Index (HDI) level in India can not be improved through ____.
- (a) Quality Education
 - (b) Good Healthcare facilities.
 - (c) by Increase IMR
 - (d) by Increase net attendance ratio

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm151

- 152.** UNDP measures the development of country based on ____.
- (a) Health
 - (b) Education
 - (c) Income
 - (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm152

- 153.** According to World Development Report 2018-2019, the countries with a GNI of _____ dollars per capita and below are called low income countries.
- (a) 906
 - (b) 995
 - (c) 674
 - (d) 567

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm153

- 154.** Which of the following neighboring country has a better performance in terms of human development than India?
- (a) Bangladesh
 - (b) Sri Lanka
 - (c) Nepal
 - (d) Pakistan

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm154

- 155.** Assume there are four families in a country. The average per capita income of these families is Rs 5000. If the income of three families is Rs 4000, Rs 7000 and Rs 3000 respectively, what is the income of the fourth family?
- (a) Rs 7500
 - (b) Rs 3000
 - (c) Rs 2000
 - (d) Rs 6000

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm155

- 156.** HDI index does not include ____.
- (a) income
 - (b) life expectancy,
 - (c) health
 - (d) education

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm156

- 157.** Who among the following is associated with Human Development Index (HDI) for measuring the level of development among various countries?
- (a) Raymond Firth
 - (b) Mahabub-ul-Haque
 - (c) M.N. Srinivas
 - (d) A.R. Desai

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm157

- 158.** The sectors are classified into public and private sector on the basis of
- employment conditions
 - the nature of economic activity
 - ownership of enterprises
 - number of workers employed in the enterprise

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm158

- 159.** Production of a commodity through natural process is an activity of _____ field.
- Primary
 - Secondary
 - Tertiary
 - Information technology

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm159

- 160.** GDP is the total value of _____ produced during a particular year.
- all goods and services
 - all final goods and services
 - all intermediate goods and services
 - all intermediate and final goods and services

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm160

- 161.** The share of tertiary sector in India's GDP in (2011-12) is _____.
- Around 46%
 - Around 42%
 - Around 74%
 - None of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm161

- 162.** In which Indian state the infant mortality rate is lowest?
- Kerala
 - Bihar
 - Uttar Pradesh
 - Punjab

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm162

- 163.** What would be the development goals of a farmer who depend only on rain for growing crops?
- Inundational canal
 - Timely rain
 - Better irrigation facility
 - Hand pumps

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm163

- 164.** Which one among the following is a development goal for the landless rural labourers?
- To get electricity and water.
 - To educate their children.
 - More days of work and better wages.
 - To shift to the cities.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm164

- 165.** The development goals can be classified into which one of the following groups?
- Material and spiritual
 - Physical and mental
 - Short-term and long-term
 - Material and non-material

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm165

- 166.** Development goals of different sections of our society can be achieved by-
- force
 - democratic political process
 - violent agitation
 - terrorism

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm166

- 167.** Which one of the following is a useful measure for comparison between countries by the World Bank?
- National income

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- (b) Per capita income
- (c) Total income
- (d) Income from tertiary sector

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm167

- 168.** Per capita income is calculated in dollars because:
- (a) all countries can be compared easily.
 - (b) USA holds a dominating position.
 - (c) dollar is the only reliable currency in the world.
 - (d) dollars are easily convertible.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm168

- 169.** Which of the following do we get when we divide the National Income of a country by its total population?
- (a) HDI rank
 - (b) Literacy rate
 - (c) Human development index
 - (d) Per capita income

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm169

- 170.** wn as:
- (a) national income.
 - (b) average income.
 - (c) total income.
 - (d) capital based income.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm170

- 171.** According to the World Bank, the criterion used to classify countries with the income of US\$ 12736 per annum and above in 2013 is considered as:
- (a) low income countries.
 - (b) rich countries.
 - (c) average countries.
 - (d) underdeveloped countries.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm171

- 172.** According to the World Bank, Development Report, the per capita income of the low income countries in 2020 should be per annum:
- (a) US\$ 12736 or less.
 - (b) US\$ 75,000 or less.
 - (c) US\$ 55,000 or less.
 - (d) US\$ 1045 or less.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm172

- 173.** Low Infant Mortality Rate in Kerala is due to:
- (a) very high per capita income.
 - (b) adequate provision of basic health and educational facilities.
 - (c) being a small state.
 - (d) high life expectancy.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm173

- 174.** In which one of the following states, literacy rate is the highest?
- (a) Punjab
 - (b) Kerala
 - (c) Bihar
 - (d) Jammu and Kashmir

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm174

- 175.** Which among the following states has the lowest per capita income?
- (a) Punjab
 - (b) Bihar
 - (c) Kerala
 - (d) Gujarat

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm175

- 176.** What does infant mortality rate indicate?
- (a) Literate population in the 7 and above age.
 - (b) The number of children that die before the age of one year as a proportion of 1000 live children.
 - (c) The total number of children attending the

school.

- (d) The number of children born in a year.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm176

177. HDI stands for:

- (a) Heavy Developed Industrial.
- (b) Human Development Index.
- (c) Highly Developed Infrastructure.
- (d) Highest Development Index.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm177

178. Life Expectancy means:

- (a) average number of years after which a person is expected to die.
- (b) average number of years a person is expected to live.
- (c) long life.
- (d) long life and low birth rate.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm178

179. Which indicator from amongst the following is considered to be the most important measure of development?

- (a) Health and education
- (b) Information technology
- (c) Strong defence
- (d) Leisure and entertainment

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm179

180. How would you calculate Body Mass Index?

- (a) Dividing the weight by the square of the height.
- (b) Dividing the height by weight.
- (c) Dividing the weight by height.
- (d) Adding height to the weight of the person.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm180

181. Human development index compares countries based on which of the following levels of the people?

- (a) Educational level
- (b) Health status
- (c) Per capita income
- (d) All the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm181

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182. What money cannot buy?

- (a) Medicines
- (b) Clothes
- (c) Pollution-free environment
- (d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm182

183. BMI (Body Mass Index) is a method of finding out which of the following?

- (a) Infant mortality
- (b) Health status
- (c) Longevity
- (d) Economic status

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm183

184. We can obtain per capita income of a country by calculating :

- (a) the total income of a person
- (b) by dividing the national income by the total population of a country
- (c) the total value of all goods and services
- (d) the total exports of the country

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Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm184

- 185.** Kerala has low infant mortality rate because
- (a) it has good climatic condition
 - (b) it has adequate infrastructure
 - (c) it has adequate provision of basic health and educational facilities
 - (d) it has poor net attendance ratio

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm185

- 186.** Human development index compares countries based on which of the following levels of the people ?
- (a) Educational level
 - (b) Health status
 - (c) Per capita income
 - (d) All the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm186

- 187.** What does infant mortality rate indicate?
- (a) Literate population in the 7 and above age.
 - (b) The number of children that die before the age of one year as a proportion of 1000 live children.
 - (c) The total number of children attending the school.
 - (d) The number of children born in a year.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm187

- 188.** According to the World Bank, the criterion used to classify countries with the income of Rs. 4,53,000 per annum and above in 2004 is considered as
- (a) Low income countries
 - (b) Rich countries
 - (c) Average countries
 - (d) Underdeveloped countries

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm188

- 189.** Which of the following things money cannot buy ?
- (a) Building
 - (b) Flowers
 - (c) Pollution free environment
 - (d) Books

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm189

- 190.** Which one of the following is not a measure of development in the Human Development Report of the UNDP ?
- (a) Per capita income in US \$
 - (b) Educational levels of the people
 - (c) Body mass index
 - (d) Life expectancy at birth

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm190

- 191.** In which state of India is the infant mortality rate lowest ?
- (a) Kerala
 - (b) Bihar
 - (c) Uttar Pradesh
 - (d) Punjab

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm191

- 192.** Which of the following neighbours of India ranks higher on the Human Development Index ?
- (a) Nepal
 - (b) Sri Lanka
 - (c) Bhutan
 - (d) Pakistan

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm192

- 193.** According to the World Development Report a country is considered rich when the per capita income is more than which of the following figures ?
- (a) Rs. 24,000 per annum
 - (b) Rs. 37,000 per annum
 - (c) Rs. 4,53,000 per annum

(d) Rs. 5,43,000 per annum

(c) violent agitation

(d) terrorism

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm193

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm197

194. Income alone is not a completely adequate indicator of development of a country. Which one of the following is not correct with regard to this statement ?

(a) Money cannot ensure a pollution free environment for individual

(b) Some people earn more than others do

(c) Money helps us buy only material goods and services

(d) Money does not ensure respect and dignity for individuals

198. Which of the following states of India has low IMR ?

(a) Punjab

(b) Kerala

(c) Bihar

(d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm198

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm194

199. Which one of the following has prepared Human Development Report ?

(a) UNO

(b) WHO

(c) IMF

(d) UNDP

195. Infant mortality rate refers to the number of the children that die :

(a) before the age of one year as a proportion to 1000 live births in that particular year.

(b) before the age of five years as a proportion to 1000 live births in that particular year.

(c) before the age of one year as a proportion to 100 live births in that particular year.

(d) out of 1000 live births in that particular year.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm199

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm195

200. What is meant by GDP ?

(a) Gross Dairy Products

(b) Gross Domestic Products

(c) Great Development Project

(d) Great Domestic Products

196. In terms of human development, which of the following countries is ahead of India ?

(a) Bangladesh

(b) Sri Lanka

(c) Nepal

(d) Bhutan

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm200

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm196

201. Which is the most important attribute for comparing the development of countries?

(a) Resources

(b) Population

(c) Average income

(d) None of the above

197. Development goals of different sections of our society can be achieved by :

(a) force

(b) democratic political process

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm201

202. By dividing the national income of a country by its total population, we get
- (a) Per Capita Income
 - (b) Gross Development Product
 - (c) Human Development Index
 - (d) None of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm202

203. Which one of the following statement defines 'Literacy Rate' ?
- (a) Total literate population divided by total population
 - (b) Total literate population divided by total illiterate population
 - (c) Proportion of literate population in the 18 and above age group
 - (d) It measures the proportion of literate population in the 7 and above age group

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm203

204. Development of the country can generally be determined by :
- (a) its per capita income
 - (b) its average literacy rate
 - (c) health status of its people
 - (d) none of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm204

205. If there are five persons in a family and their total income in Rs. 20,000/- what would be the average income of each person ?
- (a) Rs. 6000/-
 - (b) Rs. 4000/-
 - (c) Rs. 5000/-
 - (d) Rs. 10,000/-

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm205

206. Which one of the following states has the highest

- Human Development Index (HDI)?
- (a) Kerala
 - (b) Punjab
 - (c) Uttar Pradesh
 - (d) West Bengal

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm206

207. Which one of the following is also called average income ?
- (a) National income
 - (b) Per capita income
 - (c) Total income
 - (d) All the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm207

208. Which of the following is a non-renewable resource ?
- (a) Forest
 - (b) Water
 - (c) Crude oil
 - (d) Wind energy

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm208

209. Which one of the following criteria is the basis to measure the development of a country according to UNDP ?
- (a) Per capita income
 - (b) Educational levels of the people
 - (c) Health status of the people
 - (d) All the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm209

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- 210.** Which one of the following is a development goal for industrialists ?
- (a) To get more days of work
 - (b) To get better wages
 - (c) To get more electricity
 - (d) All the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm210

- 211.** Which one among the following is a development goal for the landless rural labourers ?
- (a) To get electricity and water
 - (b) To educate their children
 - (c) More days of work and better wages
 - (d) To shift to the cities

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm211

- 212.** Which one of the following is the most important attribute while comparing development of various countries ?
- (a) Population
 - (b) Social status of the people
 - (c) Political status
 - (d) Per capita income

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm212

- 213.** Which of the following is true of the people's goals in addition to higher income ?
- (a) Equal treatment
 - (b) Freedom
 - (c) Respect and security
 - (d) All the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm213

- 214.** The development goal for a girl from a rich family is :
- (a) to get more days of work
 - (b) to get as much freedom as her brother gets
 - (c) to get electricity
 - (d) to get better wages

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm214

- 215.** The development goals can be classified into which one of the following groups
- (a) Freedom
 - (b) Equal opportunities
 - (c) Security and respect
 - (d) High levels of income and better quality of life

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm215

- 216.** Which of the following is not a component of HDI?
- (a) per capita income
 - (b) life expectancy
 - (c) literacy rate
 - (d) poverty rate

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm216

- 217.** Kerala has a low Infant Mortality Rate because it has adequate provision of basic health and ____.
- (a) educational facilities
 - (b) sports facilities
 - (c) security facilities
 - (d) entertainment facilities

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm217

- 218.** The Human Development Report published by ____ compares countries based on the educational levels of the people, their health status and per capita income.
- (a) IMF
 - (b) UNICEF
 - (c) UNESCO
 - (d) UNDP

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm218

- 219.** Average income is also called ____.
- (a) Per capita incentive

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- (b) Per capita income
- (c) Percent capital income
- (d) Per capital information

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm219

220. Which of the following is a non renewable resources?

- (a) Coal
- (b) Forest
- (c) Water
- (d) Wildlife

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm220

221. Which one of the following is a non-renewable resource ?

- (a) Solar Energy
- (b) Thermal electricity
- (c) Wind
- (d) Tidal energy

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm221

222. What was the per capita income of India in 2004?

- (a) US \$ 4390 p.a
- (b) US \$ 3139 p.a
- (c) US \$ 1870 p.a
- (d) US \$ 2225 p.a

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm222

223. Which one among the following is a developmental goal common to all?

- (a) Freedom
- (b) Equal opportunities
- (c) Security and respect
- (d) High levels of income and better quality of life

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm223

224. Which one among the following is not a development goal for the landless rural labourers

- (a) More days of work and better wages
- (b) Local school is able to provide quality education for their children
- (c) there is no social discrimination and they too can become leaders in the village.
- (d) To shift to the cities

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm224

225. Which one among the following is a developmental goal common to all?

- (a) Freedom
- (b) Equal opportunities
- (c) Security and respect
- (d) High levels of income and better quality of life

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm225

226. What are the things which people seek besides income in the economy?

1. Equal treatment
 2. Freedom
 3. Security
- (a) only 1
 - (b) only 2
 - (c) Both 2 and 3
 - (d) All 1, 2 and 3

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm226

227. Which type of environment may not allow more women to take up a variety of jobs?

- (a) a safe and secured environment
- (b) greater acceptance of women working outside
- (c) unequal pay and nonpayment as that of male workers
- (d) respect for women

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm227

228. What are public facilities needed for the development

of the country?

- (a) Healthcare
- (b) Education
- (c) Roadways
- (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm228

229. What is/are the major long-term objective/s of Indian planning?

- (a) Increase national and per capita income
- (b) Reducing inequalities
- (c) Creating employment facilities
- (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm229

230. A country which possesses the characteristics of a modern technology is called

- (a) Developed country
- (b) Under developed country
- (c) Developing country
- (d) None of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm230

231. Which one of the following organization prepares 'Human Development Report'?

- (a) UNO
- (b) WHO
- (c) IMF
- (d) UNDP

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm231

232. Which state has a higher infant mortality rate than that of the poorest regions of the world such as African countries?

- (a) Punjab
- (b) Odisha
- (c) Delhi
- (d) Assam

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm232

233. Human Development Index is based on

- (a) Real Income
- (b) Life expectancy
- (c) Adult literacy and years of schooling
- (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm233

234. The index for measuring economic development is

- (a) increase in productive assets
- (b) national income
- (c) per capita income
- (d) any of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm234

235. Income is an important criterion by which we can compare the _____ level of different countries or states.

- (a) developmental
- (b) public
- (c) boundaries
- (d) any of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm235

236. Name some countries in South Asia which have lower HDI than India.

- (a) Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Myanmar
- (b) Bangladesh, Pakistan, Sri Lanka
- (c) Sri Lanka only
- (d) Pakistan, Bangladesh, Myanmar

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm236

237. On the basis of per capita income which of the following state was the most developed in year 2002-

03?

- (a) Bihar
- (b) Kerala
- (c) Punjab
- (d) Both (a) and (b)

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm237

238. According to Human Development Report (2006), Sri Lanka is of India in every aspect.

- (a) Lagging behind
- (b) Ahead
- (c) Equivalent
- (d) Worse

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm238

239. Development of a country is determined by

- (a) Per capita income
- (b) Its average literacy level
- (c) Health status of its people
- (d) All the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm239

240. Earth summit was held in

- (a) Chicago
- (b) Copenhagen
- (c) Rio de Janeiro
- (d) London

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm240

241. Which of the following country have the highest productivity of rice?

- (a) United Kingdom
- (b) USA
- (c) Australia
- (d) China

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm241

242. is a complex task.

- (a) Economic development
- (b) Development
- (c) Progress
- (d) None of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm242

243. Nowadays, the thrust areas of human development is:

- (a) Health
- (b) Gender Equity
- (c) Gender Empowerment
- (d) All of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm243

244. Which of the following is an example of a renewable resource?

- (a) Minerals
- (b) Fishes in the ocean
- (c) Fossil fuel
- (d) Petroleum

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm244

245. Social Development is about putting

- (a) People at the centre of Building
- (b) People at the centre of Signal
- (c) People at the centre of Development
- (d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm245

246. At what stage of economic development are the birth rate, the death rate and the population growth rate the lowest?

- (a) Backward stage
- (b) Developing stage
- (c) Developed stage
- (d) Industrialised stage

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm246

- (c) Government centric
- (d) Commercial centric

247. Households in rural areas generally use as fuel.
- (a) wood
 - (b) dung cake
 - (c) other biomass
 - (d) all of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm247

248. The activity included in the tertiary sector is
- (a) Trade
 - (b) Fishing
 - (c) Mining
 - (d) Quarrying

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm248

249. Contribution to GDP in India is more by the
- (a) Primary sector
 - (b) Secondary sector
 - (c) Tertiary sector
 - (d) Public sector

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm249

250. Which of the following is not a necessary condition for the development of India?
- (a) Capital Accumulation
 - (b) Resource discovery
 - (c) Population growth
 - (d) Technological development

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm250

251. We should welcome those developmental activities that are
- (a) People centric
 - (b) Child centric

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm251

252. The Ministry of Human Resource Development was created in the year
- (a) 1980
 - (b) 1985
 - (c) 1990
 - (d) 1995

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm252

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253. Economic development of a region depends on
- (a) Needs and aspirations of the people
 - (b) Technological development
 - (c) Availability of resources
 - (d) All of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm253

254. In an under-developed economy, the people's ability to save is low, due to
- (a) low levels of income
 - (b) wide-spread poverty
 - (c) higher propensity to consume
 - (d) all of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm254

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- 255.** In an under-developed economy, the people's ability to save is
- (a) low
 - (b) high
 - (c) moderate
 - (d) controlled by government policies

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm255

- 256.** Generally an economy is considered under developed if
- (a) the standard of living of people is low and productivity is also considerably low
 - (b) agriculture is the main occupation of the people and productivity in agriculture is quite low
 - (c) the production techniques are backward
 - (d) all of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm256

- 257.** An underdeveloped economy is generally characterized by
- (a) high ratio of commercial farming to subsistence farming
 - (b) high ratio of industrial output to total output
 - (c) high utilization of existing capital in the economy
 - (d) coexistence of underutilized labour with unexploited national and other resources

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm257

- 258.** Which of these is a feature of an under-developed economy?
- (a) Low standard of living
 - (b) Low productivity of labour
 - (c) Use of backward and primitive Production Techniques
 - (d) All of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm258

- 259.** The term underdevelopment implies
- (a) social institutions are very backward

- (b) low per capita real income
- (c) high level of economic and technological backwardness
- (d) high population growth

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm259

- 260.** Economy is said to be under developed if:
- (i) About 60 to 80% of the population is engaged in agriculture and allied activities.
 - (ii) Burden of population and dependent population is very high
 - (iii) Capital formation is very low due to lack of saving.
 - (iv) Productivity of labour production facility and standard of living is very low.
 - (v) Incidence of underemployment and unemployment is very high.

Which of the above statement are correct?

- (a) (i) and (ii)
- (b) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- (c) (i), (iii), (iv) and (v)
- (d) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v)

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm260

- 261.** An underdeveloped economy is characterised by
- (a) High per capita real income
 - (b) Large proportion of labour force in the tertiary sector
 - (c) State of deprivation of large proportion of population
 - (d) All the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm261

- 262.** In an under-developed economy is the main occupation of the people.
- (a) agriculture
 - (b) industry
 - (c) services
 - (d) joblessness

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm262

- 263.** In an under-developed economy, Poverty is
(a) not found at all
(b) minimum
(c) moderate
(d) maximum and wide-spread

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm263

- 264.** In an under-developed economy, the production techniques employed are primarily
(a) Capital-Intensive
(b) Labour-Intensive
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) Neither (a) nor (b)

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm264

- 265.** In an under-developed economy, General Income Levels and Real Income (Purchasing Power) are
(a) low
(b) high
(c) moderate
(d) nothing can be said

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm265

- 266.** In an under-developed economy, a majority of the population engaged in
(a) agriculture and allied activities
(b) industry sector
(c) services sector
(d) none of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm266

- 267.** In an underdeveloped economy, employment and under-employment are
(a) low
(b) high
(c) moderate
(d) nothing can be said

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm267

- 268.** In an under-developed economy, the production techniques employed are
(a) modern and upto date
(b) primitive and backward
(c) both (a) and (b)
(d) neither (a) nor (b)

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm268

- 269.** In an under-developed economy, investment in research and development is
(a) low
(b) high
(c) moderate
(d) nothing can be said

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm269

- 270.** In an under-developed economy, the productivity of Labour is
(a) low
(b) high
(c) moderate
(d) nothing can be said

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm270

- 271.** In an under-developed economy, there is participation in Foreign Trade.
(a) low
(b) high
(c) moderate
(d) nothing can be said

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm271

- 272.** Which of these is a feature of an under-developed economy?
(a) Pre-dominance of Agricultural Sector

- (b) Wide-spread Poverty
- (c) Low Ability of Save
- (d) All of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm272

- 273.** In an under-developed economy, the standard of living is
- (a) low
 - (b) high
 - (c) moderate
 - (d) nothing can be said

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm273

- 274.** Generally an economy is considered underdeveloped if
- (a) The standard of living of people is low and productivity is also considerable low
 - (b) Agriculture is the main occupation of the people and productivity in agriculture is quality low
 - (c) The production techniques are backward
 - (d) All of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm274

- 275.** The basic reason of considering the Indian Economy as under developed economy is
- (a) wide spread of poverty
 - (b) high growth of population
 - (c) high income inequalities
 - (d) all of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm275

- 276.** Which of the following is not a cause of underdeveloped country?
- (a) Dominance of mass consumption
 - (b) Income inequalities
 - (c) Overpopulation
 - (d) Under-employment

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm276

- 277.** Which of these is not a feature of an under-developed economy?
- (a) High standard of living of people
 - (b) Higher percentage of dependent population
 - (c) Low rate of capital formation
 - (d) Low productivity of labour

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm277

- 278.** Which of these is not a feature of an under-developed economy?
- (a) Use of backward and primitive production techniques
 - (b) High degree of unemployment
 - (c) High degree of inequality of incomes
 - (d) High participation in foreign trade

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm278

- 279.** In an under-developed economy, the rate of Population Growth is
- (a) low
 - (b) high
 - (c) moderate
 - (d) nothing can be said

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm279

- 280.** Which of these is a feature of an under-developed economy?
- (a) Low rate of capital formation
 - (b) High growth rate of population
 - (c) Higher percentage of dependent population
 - (d) All of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm280

- 281.** In an under-developed economy, the rate of Capital

Formation and Investment is

- (a) low
- (b) high
- (c) moderate
- (d) controlled by government policies

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm281

282. In an under-developed economy, the majority of the population

- (a) is dependent population
- (b) is illiterate population
- (c) has a traditional social life
- (d) all of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm282

283. Which of the following is not a cause of under developed country?

- (a) Unemployment and Poverty
- (b) Over Population
- (c) Income Inequalities
- (d) Dominance of Mass Consumption

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm283

284. Which of these is a feature of an under-developed economy?

- (a) Wide spread poverty
- (b) Low growth rate of population
- (c) Low ability of save
- (d) All of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm284

285. In an under-developed economy, the majority of the population is

- (a) dependent population
- (b) income earning population
- (c) tax payers
- (d) literate

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm285

286. Which one of the following is a developmental goal which is common to all?

- (a) Freedom
- (b) Equal opportunities
- (c) Security and respect
- (d) High levels of income and better quality of life

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm286

287. Different persons have different aspirations about the development because

- (a) People are different
- (b) Living standards are different
- (c) Differences in opinion
- (d) Change in thoughts

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm287

288. The economic strength of a country is measured by which of the following developments?

- (a) The development of its manufacturing industries.
- (b) The development of its literacy ratio.
- (c) The development of its health status.
- (d) The development of its population growth.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm288

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289. According to World Development Report 2006, the countries with dollars p.a. and above are

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called developed countries?

- (a) 10066
- (b) 8486
- (c) 7567
- (d) 6465

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm289

290. What will be the top priority in the developmental goal of a landless labourer?

- (a) Expansion of rural banking
- (b) More days of work and better wages
- (c) Metal roads for transportation
- (d) Establishment of a high school

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm290

291. National Income means

- (a) Income of the State
- (b) Income of the World
- (c) Income of the country
- (d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm291

292. What is the main criterion used by the World Bank in classifying different countries?

- (a) Literacy rate
- (b) Crude oil reserves
- (c) Per capita income
- (d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm292

293. Per Capita Income =

- (a) $\frac{\text{Income from capital}}{\text{Population}}$
- (b) $\frac{\text{Income from Taxes}}{\text{Population}}$
- (c) $\frac{\text{National Income}}{\text{Population}}$
- (d) $\frac{\text{Population}}{\text{National Income}}$

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm293

294. In the First Five Year Plan (1951-56), the national income rose by

- (a) 80%
- (b) 18%
- (c) 124%
- (d) 216%

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm294

295. The income earned from labour and work is known as

- (a) earned income
- (b) unearned income
- (c) national income
- (d) none of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm295

296. Assume that there are 100 families in a country, the average per capita income of these families is ₹ 10,000 and the average per capita income of 50 of these families is ₹ 5000. The average per capita income of the remaining families is

- (a) ₹ 5000
- (b) ₹ 10000
- (c) ₹ 15000
- (d) ₹ 20000

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm296

297. In an under-developed economy, there is

- (a) relative equality of incomes
- (b) high degree of inequality of incomes
- (c) no income at all
- (d) nothing can be said

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm297

- 298.** A Finance Commission is constituted every
- (a) Three years
 - (b) Two years
 - (c) Five years
 - (d) Four years

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm298

- 299.** According to World Development Report 2006, the countries with dollars p.a. and below are called low income countries.
- (a) 15906
 - (b) 825
 - (c) 8674
 - (d) 7567

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm299

- 300.** Income of a country means
- (a) cash receipts from exports
 - (b) income earned by residents of a country, from outside the domestic territory
 - (c) income of non residents of that country
 - (d) total value of goods and services produced

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm300

- 301.** Average income of a country is
- (a) Total population/Total income
 - (b) Total income/Total population
 - (c) Total income \times Total population
 - (d) Total income = Total population

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm301

- 302.** Which of the following neighbouring country has “high” per capita income?
- (a) Bangladesh
 - (b) Sri Lanka
 - (c) Pakistan
 - (d) Nepal

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm302

- 303.** Countries having per capita income less than US \$825 per annum are considered as
- (a) Developed countries
 - (b) Developing countries
 - (c) European countries
 - (d) American countries

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm303

- 304.** Which of the following is a low-Income country?
- (a) South Africa
 - (b) Singapore
 - (c) UK
 - (d) Japan

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm304

- 305.** Which of the following factor is not related to economic development?
- (a) Continuous process
 - (b) Increase in real national income
 - (c) Long run and continuous increase
 - (d) Compulsory change in economic welfare

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm305

- 306.** How has per capita income in India increased from 1950-51 to 2000?
- (a) From ₹ 6500 to ₹ 16500
 - (b) From ₹ 255 only in 1950-51 to ₹ 16500 in 2000
 - (c) From ₹ 755 to ₹ 14500
 - (d) From ₹ 1855 to ₹ 16500

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm306

- 307.** India is a
- (a) developed country
 - (b) developing country

- (c) underdeveloped country
- (d) none of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm307

- 308.** CAPART is related to
- (a) assisting and evaluating rural welfare programmes
 - (b) computer hardware
 - (c) consultant service of export promotion
 - (d) controlling pollution in big industries

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm308

- 309.** The National Development Council includes
- (a) All Central Cabinet Minister
 - (b) Chief Ministers of all States
 - (c) Cabinet Ministers of all States
 - (d) Members of the Estimates Committee of Parliament

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm309

- 310.** Which country in the world is at the top of the Human Development Index?
- (a) USA
 - (b) India
 - (c) Norway
 - (d) China

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm310

- 311.** In which state of India infant mortality rate is lowest?
- (a) Kerala
 - (b) Bihar
 - (c) Uttar Pradesh
 - (d) Punjab

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm311

- 312.** For estimating the GDP, information related to

- production is obtained by the Central Government from
- (a) states of India
 - (b) states and union territories of India
 - (c) industrial areas of India
 - (d) Reserve Bank of India

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm312

- 313.** Human Development Index (HDI) level in India can not be improved through
- (a) Quality Education
 - (b) Good Healthcare facilities
 - (c) Low income
 - (d) Increase income

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm313

- 314.** According to World Development Report 2018-2019, the countries with a GNI of dollars per capita and below are called low income countries.
- (a) 906
 - (b) 995
 - (c) 674
 - (d) 567

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm314

- 315.** UNDP measures the development of country based on
- (a) health
 - (b) education
 - (c) income
 - (d) all of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm315

- 316.** Which one among the following is a developmental goal common to all?
- (a) Freedom
 - (b) Equal opportunities
 - (c) Security and respect

(d) High levels of income and better quality of life

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm316

317. The GDP of India in 2003 was crores.

- (a) ₹ 210,000
- (b) ₹ 190,000
- (c) ₹ 170,000
- (d) ₹ 150,000

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm317

318. Which of the following is not a parameter in HDI?

- (a) Social inequality
- (b) Life expectancy
- (c) Infant mortality rate
- (d) Real per capita income

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm318

319. Which of the following is not a component of Human Development Index?

- (a) Per Capita Income
- (b) Life Expectancy Rate
- (c) Literacy Rate
- (d) Poverty Rate

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm319

320. The indicators of economics growth in India are

- (a) per capital income
- (b) rate of capital formation
- (c) the production of food grain
- (d) all of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm320

321. Development of a person according to his fuller

capacity is called

- (a) Economic development
- (b) Social development
- (c) Human development
- (d) National development

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm321

322. GDP is the total value of produced during a particular year.

- (a) all goods and services
- (b) all final goods and services
- (c) all intermediate goods and services
- (d) all countable goods

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm322

323. HDI stands for

- (a) Human Resource Depreciation Index
- (b) Human development Index
- (c) Human Resource Development Index
- (d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm323

324. UNDP measures the development of country based on

- (a) Health
- (b) Education
- (c) Income
- (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm324

325. According to a complete index of regional development, which state stands first in India?

- (a) Maharashtra
- (b) Haryana
- (c) Kerala
- (d) Punjab

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm325

- 326.** Which Indian State has better performance in terms of Human Development?
(a) Bihar
(b) Orissa
(c) Kerala
(d) Uttar Pradesh

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm326

- 327.** When development in economy takes place the share of tertiary sector in national income
(a) declines
(b) increases
(c) remains constant
(d) first rises and then falls

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm327

- 328.** Overall welfare of people in any society is determined by
(a) Average income
(b) General levels of literacy
(c) Health status
(d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm328

- 329.** What is the most common method of measuring the economic development of a country?
(a) Freedom
(b) Equal treatment
(c) Security
(d) Income

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm329

- 330.** According to 2010 records, HDI rank of Sri Lanka is among 187 countries.
(a) 23
(b) 55
(c) 91
(d) 110

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm330

- 331.** Agriculture contributes nearly of the GDP in India.
(a) 05%
(b) 12%
(c) 14%
(d) 66%

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm331

- 332.** India remained an underdeveloped country because of
(a) its dependence of agriculture
(b) its inability to export surplus products
(c) lack of industries
(d) shortage of raw material

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm332

- 333.** The agency that estimates the national income of India is called the
(a) RBI
(b) Planning commission
(c) Ministry of finance
(d) Central statistical organisation

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm333

- 334.** The rise in per capita income in the Seventh Five Year Plan was
(a) 13.2%
(b) 14.3%
(c) 18.4%
(d) 3.7%

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm334

- 335.** Assume there are four families in a country. The average per capita income of these families is ₹ 5000. If the income of three families is ₹ 4000, ₹ 7000 and

₹ 3000 respectively, what is the income of the fourth family?

- (a) ₹ 7500
- (b) ₹ 3000
- (c) ₹ 2000
- (d) ₹ 6000

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm335

336. According to World Development Report of 2006, India is a country.

- (a) rich
- (b) high-income
- (c) developed
- (d) low-income

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm336

337. In the Human Development Index, the per capita income is calculated in

- (a) Indian rupees
- (b) currency of every country individually
- (c) US dollars
- (d) British pound sterling

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm337

338. Development of a country can generally be determined by

- (a) its per capita income
- (b) its average literacy level
- (c) health status of its people
- (d) all of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm338

339. Which of the following is poorest state in India?

- (a) Bihar
- (b) Odisha
- (c) U.P.
- (d) M.P.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm339

340. According to 2010 records, HDI rank of India is among 187 countries.

- (a) 89
- (b) 92
- (c) 112
- (d) 119

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm340

341. According to the World Development Report 2006, countries with per capita income of ₹ 4,53,000 p.a. and above are called

- (a) Weak countries
- (b) Rich countries
- (c) Low income countries
- (d) Developing countries

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm341

342. Which indicator is considered for comparing different countries as per the World Health Report by the World Bank?

- (a) Health
- (b) Income
- (c) Technology
- (d) Population

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm342

343. Which of the following neighbouring countries has better performance in terms of human development than India?

- (a) Bangladesh
- (b) Sri Lanka
- (c) Nepal
- (d) Pakistan

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm343

344. What was India's HDI rank in 2006?

- (a) 1
- (b) 24
- (c) 96
- (d) 126

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm344

345. Which of the following is a developed country?

- (a) Indonesia
- (b) Bangladesh
- (c) America
- (d) Sri Lanka

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm345

346. What is a better measure to compare two countries income?

- (a) Average Income
- (b) Total Income
- (c) Gross Income
- (d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm346

347. Comparison of countries on the basis of education, health and per capita income is called

- (a) BME
- (b) HDL
- (c) BMI
- (d) HDI

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm347

348. Which of the following state is the leading producer of Laterite?

- (a) Andhra Pradesh
- (b) Madhya Pradesh
- (c) Utter Pradesh
- (d) Karnataka

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm348

349. Which of the following States is demanding that the Central Government recognise it as a category 'A' State?

- (a) Rajasthan
- (b) Gujarat
- (c) Uttar Pradesh
- (d) Uttarakhand

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm349

350. Since Iran-India gas pipeline is yet to get final approval, the energy hungry India has decided to join another pipeline project "MEDSTREME". Medstreame will transport oil/gas from which of the following nations at one of its terminal ends?

- (a) Turkey
- (b) Russia
- (c) France
- (d) Japan

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm350

351. Satluj Jal Vidyut Nigam has signed agreements with Nepal and Bhutan for various projects. Sutluj Jal Vidyut Nigam is a joint venture of the Power Ministry and the State of

- (a) Punjab
- (b) Himachal Pradesh
- (c) Haryana
- (d) Jammu and Kashmir

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm351

352. Which of the following state is the leading producer of Kyanite?

- (a) Chattiesgarh
- (b) Bihar
- (c) Tamil Nadu
- (d) Jharkhand

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm352

353. In response to India's 'Look East' policy which of the

following countries has launched 'Look West' policy?
(Both are complementary to each other.)

- (a) Singapore
- (b) China
- (c) South Korea
- (d) Thailand

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm353

354. Which of the following neighboring country has a better performance in terms of human development than India?

- (a) Bangladesh
- (b) Sri Lanka
- (c) Nepal
- (d) Pakistan

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm354

355. Sustainable development seeks to prevent

- (a) Wastage of resources
- (b) Pollution
- (c) Loss of biodiversity
- (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm355

356. According to the Human Development Index 2004, which of India's neighbors ranked better than India?

- (a) Nepal
- (b) Pakistan
- (c) Sri Lanka
- (d) Myanmar

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm356

357. Desert Development programme was launched to mitigate

- (a) adverse effect of desertification
- (b) adverse effect of deforestation
- (c) the effect of flood
- (d) effect of urbanization

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm357

358. Rio de Janeiro Earth Summit (1992) aimed at

- (a) achieving global sustainable development
- (b) increasing global food production
- (c) encouraging free trade
- (d) identification of resources in developing countries

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm358

359. Jharia Coal mine is located in the state of

- (a) Gujarat
- (b) Madhya Pradesh
- (c) Andhra Pradesh
- (d) Jharkhand

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm359

360. What do you mean by 'Sustainable Development'?

- (a) Using available resources to the fullest.
- (b) Using available resources judiciously without compromising the need of the present and future generations.
- (c) Saving resources for future generation.
- (d) Saving resources for present generation.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm360

361. Match the following and choose correct option:

Problems faced by farming sector		Some possible measures	
1.	Unirrigated land	A.	a Setting up agro-based mills
2.	Low prices for crops	B.	b Cooperative marketing societies
3.	Debt burden	C.	c Procurement of food grains by government
4.	No job in the off season	D.	d Construction of canals by the government

5.	Compelled to sell their grains to the local traders soon after harvest	E.	e Banks to provide credit with low interest
----	--	----	---

- (a) 1-A 2-B 3-C 4-D 5-E
- (b) 1-D 2-C 3-E 4-A 5-B
- (c) 1-C 2-D 3-E 4-A 5-B
- (d) 1-B 2-C 3-E 4-D 5-A

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm361

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- 362.** Which of the following public facility can ensure development of the society and economy?
- (a) Pollution-free environment
 - (b) Protection from infections
 - (c) Provision of more government schools
 - (d) Provision of proper medicines

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm362

- 363. Assertion :** The average income of a country is about US\$ 12,056; however, the country is still not a developed country.
- Reason :** The income levels are highly skewed for the country.
- (a) Both assertion and reason are true, and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (b) Both assertion and reason are true, but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (c) Assertion is true, but reason is false.
 - (d) Both assertion and reason are false.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm363

- 364. Assertion :** Suppose the literacy rate in a state is 78% and the net attendance ratio in secondary stage is 47%.
- Reason :** More than half of the students are going to other states for elementary education.
- (a) Both assertion and reason are true, and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (b) Both assertion and reason are true, but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (c) Assertion is true, but reason is false.
 - (d) Both assertion and reason are false.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm364

- 365. Assertion :** A state has a per capita income of Rs. 225,000 per annum. The infant mortality rate in the state is 2%. So, the state cannot be considered a developed state.
- Reason :** There are medical facilities in the state, but people fail to take their children to hospital in time.
- (a) Both assertion and reason are true, and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (b) Both assertion and reason are true, but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (c) Assertion is true, but reason is false.
 - (d) Both assertion and reason are false.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm365

- 366. Assertion :** A small town has a high rate of robbery; however, a locality in this town has well-maintained law and order.
- Reason :** The people in the locality are aware of the importance of having security guards, and they collectively pay to have the security guards in the locality.
- (a) Both assertion and reason are true, and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (b) Both assertion and reason are true, but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
 - (c) Assertion is true, but reason is false.
 - (d) Both assertion and reason are false.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm366

- 367. Assertion :** A country that was extremely rich in

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natural resources has mainly relied on oil extraction for revenue generation for several centuries. However, the scientists predict that the country may become poor in the future if other means of generating income are not devised.

Reason : Oil is a non-renewable resource, and it is likely to get exhausted if not used judiciously.

- (a) Both assertion and reason are true, and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (b) Both assertion and reason are true, but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (c) Assertion is true, but reason is false.
- (d) Both assertion and reason are false.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm367

368. Assertion : The crude oil reserves are going down for the entire world, and the countries need to find substitute fuel for crude oil.

Reason : A country that is dependent on imports for crude oil will demand more crude oil in the future.

- (a) Both assertion and reason are true, and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (b) Both assertion and reason are true, but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (c) Assertion is true, but reason is false.
- (d) Both assertion and reason are false.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm368

369. Assertion : Sustainable development is essential for economic growth of the countries.

Reason : Sustainable development ensures that environment friendly measures are adopted for carrying out production processes.

- (a) Both assertion and reason are true, and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (b) Both assertion and reason are true, but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (c) Assertion is true, but reason is false.
- (d) Both assertion and reason are false.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm369

370. Assertion : Different people have different

developmental goals.

Reason : The capitalist approach to development is detrimental to poor section of the society.

- (a) Both assertion and reason are true, and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (b) Both assertion and reason are true, but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (c) Assertion is true, but reason is false.
- (d) Both assertion and reason are false.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm370

371. Assertion : Non-renewable resources are abundant in nature.

Reason : Non-renewable resources can be replenished over a period of time.

- (a) Both assertion and reason are true, and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (b) Both assertion and reason are true, but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (c) Assertion is true, but reason is false.
- (d) Both assertion and reason are false.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm371

372. Assertion : A high average income is not indicative of the overall well-being or human development in a country.

Reason : Average income does not cover indicators like level of literacy rate, health facilities and public facilities in a country.

- (a) Both assertion and reason are true, and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- (b) Both assertion and reason are true, but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- (c) Assertion is true, but reason is false.
- (d) Both assertion and reason are false.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm372

373. Complete the following table with correct information: Select the correct option for A and B.

Countries with per capita income of (2017)	Are called	Example
--	------------	---------

US \$ 12,056 annum and above	Rich countries	B - ?
US \$ between 955 or 12,056	A - ?	India

- (a) A low middle income countries, B-United States, Luxembourg, Ireland
- (b) A high income countries, B- Bhutan, Pakistan, India
- (c) A low middle income countries, B-Bhutan, Pakistan, India
- (d) A high income countries, B-United States, Luxembourg, Ireland

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm373

374. Complete the following table with correct information regarding BMI. Select the correct option for A and B.

BMI	How to calculate	BMI of a person who is undernourished	BMI of a person who is overweight
Body Mass Index	A - ?	less than 18.5	B - ?

- (a) A-Divide the weight of a person (in kg) by the square of the height (in metres) B-less than 25
- (b) A-Divide the weight of a person (in gram) by the square of the height (in metres) B-More than 25
- (c) A-Divide the weight of a person (in kg) by the square of the height (in metres) B-More than 25
- (d) A-Divide the weight of a person (in kg) by the square of the height (in metres) B-More than 50

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm374

- 375.** Arrange the following countries according to their Human Development Index (HDI) rank in world (2018):
- 1. Sri Lanka
 - 2. Pakistan
 - 3. India
 - 4. Bangladesh
- (a) 1, 2, 3, 4
 - (b) 4, 3, 2, 1
 - (c) 1, 3, 4, 2
 - (d) 3, 4, 2, 1

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm375

- 376.** Arrange the following as PER CAPITA INCOME of these STATES (from high to low):
- 1. Goa
 - 2. Haryana
 - 3. Kerala
 - 4. Bihar
- (a) 1, 2, 3, 4
 - (b) 4, 3, 2, 1
 - (c) 1, 3, 4, 2
 - (d) 3, 4, 2, 1

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm376

- 377.** Arrange the following States from high to low as per their Literacy Rate % (2011 Census):
- 1. Haryana
 - 2. Kerala
 - 3. Bihar
 - 4. Goa
- (a) 1, 2, 3, 4
 - (b) 4, 3, 2, 1
 - (c) 1, 3, 4, 2
 - (d) 2, 4, 1, 3

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm377

- 378.** Identify the category of person based on the developmental goal for himself
- Higher income expected due to high support price for their crop from Government.
 - Looking for cheap labourer for their fields
 - Looking to settle its kids in abroad
 - Most of the persons in this state are into this profession.
- (a) Prosperous farmers from Punjab
 - (b) Landless rural labourers
 - (c) Urban unemployed youth
 - (d) An adivasi from Narmada valley

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm378

379. Identify the kind of Income which is :

- The total income of the country divided by its total population
- Also known as Per capita Income
- Provide a basis for the government to formulate their policy
- Helps the Government to formulate the yearly budget

- (a) National Income
- (b) Personal Income
- (c) Total Income
- (d) Income

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm379

380. Identify the Indian State which according to Economic Survey 2018–19, it have

- Per capita Income of 34,409
- Considered as a backward state
- Suffer lots of natural calamities eg. Floods etc every year
- Have high Infant Mortality rate year 2017

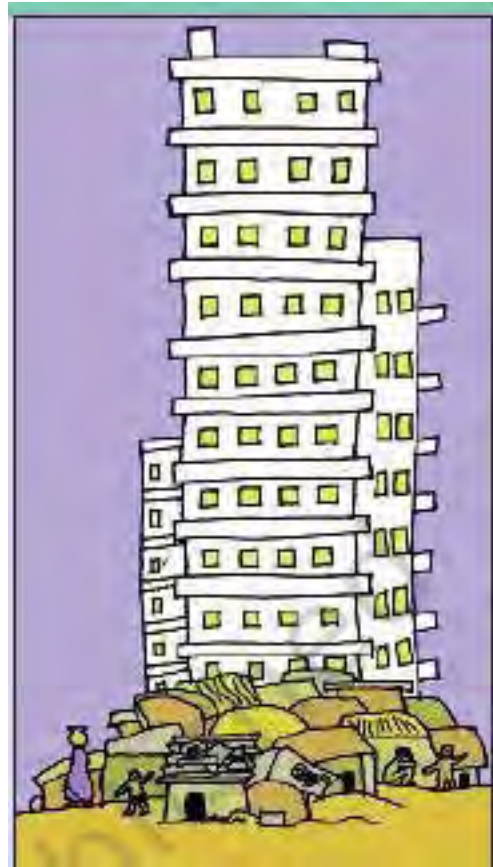
- (a) Goa
- (b) Bihar
- (c) Maharashtra
- (d) Kerala

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm380

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381. Look at the picture carefully. What should be the prime developmental goal for such an area?

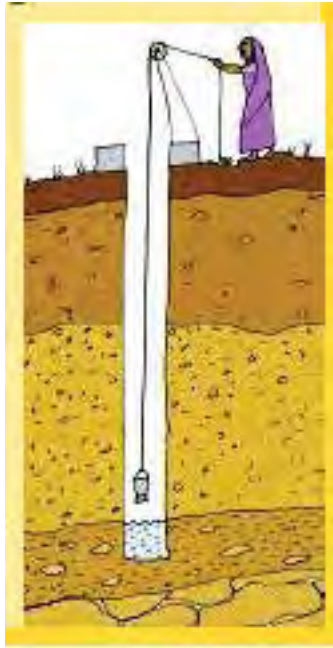


- (a) Slums should be removed from here
- (b) The number of storey of the building should be increased.
- (c) Through regular work and better wages, the income of slum area people should be increased.
- (d) Availability of amusement park.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm381

382. Which option signifies best as the reason for the

depletion of Groundwater as shown in the picture?



- (a) Low pumping of water by tubewells
- (b) If we use more water than what is being replenished by rain
- (c) Use of tap instead of hand pumps
- (d) Low annual rain-fall

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm382

Source Based Questions 1 : Read the source given below and answer 8 questions that follow by choosing the most appropriate option:

For comparing countries, their income is considered to be one of the most important attributes. Countries with higher income are more developed than others with less income. This is based on the understanding that more income means more of all things that human beings need. Whatever people like, and should have, they will be able to get with greater income. So, greater income itself is considered to be one important goal. Now, what is the income of country? Intuitively, the income of the country is the income of all the residents of the country. This gives us the total income of the country. However, for comparison between countries, total income is not such an useful measure. Since, countries have different populations, comparing total income will not tell us what an average person is likely to earn.

Are people in one country better off than others in a different country? Hence, we compare the average income which is the total income of the country divided by its total population. The average income is also called per capita income. In World Development Reports, brought out by the World Bank, this criterion is used in classifying countries. Countries with per capita income of US\$ 12,056 per annum and above in 2017, are called rich countries and those with per capita income of US\$ 955 or less are called low-income countries. India comes in the category of low middle income countries because it's per capita income in 2017 was just US\$1820 per annum. The rich countries, excluding countries of Middle East and certain other small countries, are generally called developed countries.

- 383.** Which country can be considered as a developed country in the modern world? Select your answer from the following statements.
- (a) Countries which have accumulated huge amounts of wealth and always secures the future of their citizens. These countries are considered to be developed.
 - (b) Countries which are among the highest in the 'Human Development Index' are considered to be the developed countries.
 - (c) Only rich countries are considered to be developed because people have money to buy everything needed for human beings—both material and non-material.
 - (d) Iran is a rich country and therefore it is a developed country.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm383

What is considered to be one of the most important attributes when we compare countries at the level of development?

- (a) Industrial development
- (b) Resources of the country
- (c) Income
- (d) Import-export

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm383

The Middle East countries even though are rich countries; but they are not considered as a developed

- country because
- (a) Its high income is because of Oil exports and not because of development.
 - (b) It has all the facilities of a developed country because of its high income.
 - (c) Even after sufficient development they are still not considered as developed countries.
 - (d) It does not have many facilities so they are not treated as developed countries.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm383

- _____ is the total income of the country divided by its total population.
- (a) Gross Income
 - (b) Per Capita Income
 - (c) Total Income
 - (d) Net Income

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm383

- The passage given above relates to which of the following options?
- (a) education
 - (b) income
 - (c) health
 - (d) all of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm383

- The income of the country is the income of
- (a) few states of the country
 - (b) tax collected from public
 - (c) deposits in the bank accounts
 - (d) all the residents of the country

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm383

- The income which is the total income of the country divided by its total population is known as:
- (a) average income
 - (b) per capita income

- (c) revenue income
- (d) all of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm383

- India comes in which of the following categories of countries based on Per Capita Income?
- (a) Rich countries
 - (b) Low-income countries
 - (c) Low middle income countries
 - (d) Highest income countries

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm383

Source Based Questions 2 : Read the source given below and answer 6 questions that follow by choosing the most appropriate option:

Suppose for the present that a particular country is quite developed. We would certainly like this level of development to go up further or at least be maintained for future generations. This is obviously desirable. However, since the second half of the twentieth century, a number of scientists have been warning that the present type, and levels, of development are not sustainable. Groundwater is an example of renewable resources. These resources are replenished by nature as in the case of crops and plants. However, even these resources may be overused. For example, in the case of groundwater, if we use more than what is being replenished by rain then we would be overusing this resource. Consequences of environmental degradation do not respect national or state boundaries; this issue is no longer region or nation specific. Our future is linked together. Sustainability of development is comparatively a new area of knowledge in which scientists, economists, philosophers and other social scientists are working together.

- 384.** Pick out the cause that enhances environmental degradation.
- (a) Planting trees
 - (b) Prevention of factory wastes getting mixed up with river water.
 - (c) Ban on using plastic bags
 - (d) Allowing an increase in the level of exhaust fumes emitted by cars, buses trucks etc.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm384

- (c) exhaustable resource
- (d) degradable resource

Which of the following statement defines sustainable development?

- (a) Sustainable use of natural resources without considering the need of future generations.
- (b) The present generation fulfils its needs while considering the needs of the future generations as well.
- (c) It means the utilisation of natural resources by the past, present and the future generations.
- (d) To meet the needs of the future generations even if the needs of the present generation is not met.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm384

What kind of development should be achieved by making a sincere attempt to preserve the environment and resources.

- (a) Economic Development
- (b) Social Development
- (c) Sustainable Development
- (d) Political Development

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm384

The future generation may not have sufficient resources as compared to the present generation because:

- (a) Resources are being used judiciously by the present generation, which will make them exhausted.
- (b) Resources are being used optimally by the present generation which will make them exhausted.
- (c) Resources are being overused by present generation, which will make them exhausted
- (d) Resources are not being used by the present generation, which will make them exhausted.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm384

Groundwater is an example of a/an _____.

- (a) renewable resource
- (b) non-renewable resource

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm384

Sustainable development seeks to prevent _____.

- (a) Wastage of resources
- (b) Pollution
- (c) Loss of biodiversity
- (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm384

Source Based Questions 3 : Read the source given below and answer 5 questions that follow by choosing the most appropriate option:

Do you know that in India about 60 percent of the population belongs to the age group 5-29 years? Out of this, only about 51 per cent are attending educational institutions. The rest and particularly those aged less than 18 years may be at home or many of them may be working as child labourers. If these children are to attend schools, we will require more buildings, more teachers and other staff. A study conducted by the erstwhile Planning Commission estimates that nearly 20 lakh jobs can be created in the education sector alone. Similarly, if we are to improve the health situation, we need many more doctors, nurses, health workers etc. to work in rural areas. These are some ways by which jobs would be created and we would also be able to address the important aspects of development. Every state or region has potential for increasing the income and employment for people in that area. It could be tourism, or regional craft industry, or new services like IT. Some of these would require proper planning and support from the government. For example, the same study by the Planning Commission says that if tourism as a sector is improved, every year we can give additional employment to more than 35 lakh people.

385. The erstwhile Planning commission is now named as :

- (a) Planned Commission
- (b) NITI Aayojana
- (c) NITI Aayog
- (d) Planned Aayojana

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm385

The total number of children of age group 14 and 15 years attending schools as a percentage of total number of children in the same age group is called:

- (a) Gross enrolment ratio
- (b) Literacy rate
- (c) Net attendance ratio
- (d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm385

Tertiary sector is becoming so important in India because :

- (a) These activities do not produce a good by themselves.
- (b) These activities help in the development of the primary and secondary sectors .
- (c) These activities are an aid or support for the production process.
- (d) These activities generate goods rather than services.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm385

The primary sector continues to be the largest employer even now because:

- (a) People barely manage to earn a living.
- (b) Enough jobs were not created in the secondary and tertiary sectors.
- (c) Government has not taken any responsibility for providing basic services.
- (d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm385

In India rural incomes are generally lower than the urban incomes. Which of the following are incorrect reason's responsible for this? Select your answer using the code given below:

1. People in rural areas do not know the right ways of increasing their income.
2. Industry has been getting more attention from the government in India.

3. Per capital incomes in the urban areas are higher than that in the rural areas.

- (a) Only 1
- (b) 1 and 2
- (c) Only 3
- (d) 2 and 3

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm385

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PURCHASE HARD BOOK

Source Based Questions 4 : Read the source given below and answer 6 questions that follow by choosing the most appropriate option:

Some comparative data on Kerala, Haryana and Bihar

State	Infant Mortality Rate per 1000 live births (2017)	Literacy Rate %	
		2011	2017
Kerala	10	82	81
Haryana	18	84	83
Bihar	25	62	43

Kerala, out of 1000 children born, 10 died before completing one year of age but in Haryana the proportion of children dying within one year of birth was 18, which is two times more than that of Kerala. On the other hand, the per capita income of Haryana is more than that of Kerala. Just think of how dear you are for our parents, think of how every one is so happy when a child is born. Now, try to think of parents whose children die before they even celebrate their first birthday. How painful it must be to these parents? Next, note the year to which this data pertains. It is 2017. So we are not talking of old times; it is 70 years after independence when our metro cities are full of high rise buildings and shopping malls. The problem does not end with Infant Mortality Rate. Around half of the children aged 14-15 in Bihar are not attending school beyond Class 8. This means that if you went to school in

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Bihar nearly half of your elementary class would be missing. Those who could have been in school are not there! If this had happened to you, you would not be able to read what you are reading now. How is it that the average person in Haryana has more income than the average person in Kerala but lags behind in these crucial areas? The reason is — money in your pocket cannot buy all the goods and services that you may need to live well. So, income by itself is not a completely adequate indicator of material goods and services that citizens are able to use. For example, normally, your money cannot buy you a pollution-free environment or ensure that you get unadulterated medicines, unless you can afford to shift to a community that already has all these things. Money may also not be able to protect you from infectious diseases, unless the whole of your community takes preventive steps. Even now, in many areas, children, particularly girls, are not able to go to high school because the government/ society has not provided adequate facilities. Kerala has a low Infant Mortality Rate because it has adequate provision of basic health and educational facilities. Similarly, in some states, the Public Distribution System (PDS) functions well. Health and nutritional status of people of such states is certainly likely to be better.

- 386.** Identify the IMR of Haryana in 2017 and the literacy rate of Haryana in 2011 from the following options.
- (a) 30%, 82%
 - (b) 94%, 62%
 - (c) 40%, 94%
 - (d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm386

From the above passage , identify the reason behind the low infant mortality rate of Kerala.

- (a) Status of people
- (b) Adequate provision of basic health and educational facilities
- (c) The per capita income is more
- (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm386

Identify the things that we cannot buy with money.

- (a) Pollution free environment
- (b) Protection us from infectious diseases
- (c) Clothes and cars
- (d) Both A and B

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm386

The passage given above is related to which of the following options?

- (a) Exhaustion of natural resources
- (b) Tax
- (c) Income and public facilities
- (d) All of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm386

PDS stands for _____.

- (a) Power Development System
- (b) Public Development System
- (c) Public Distribution System
- (d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm386

What is the infant mortality rate?

- (a) the number of infant deaths for every 1,000 live births
- (b) the number of infant deaths for every 100 live births
- (c) the number of infant deaths for every 10,000 live births
- (d) the number of infant births for every 1,000 live births.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm386

Source Based Questions 5 : Read the source given below and answer 4 questions that follow by choosing the most appropriate option:

CRUDE OIL RESERVES :

Regions/ Countries	Reserves (2017) (Thousand Million Barrels)	Number of Years Reserves will last
Middle East	808	70
United States of America	50	10.5
World	1697	50.2

The table gives an estimate of reserves of crude oil (column1). More importantly, it also tells us for how many years the stock of crude oil will last if people continue to extract it at the present rate. The reserves would last only 50 years more. This is for the world as a whole. However, different countries face different situations. Countries like India depend on importing oil from abroad because they do not have enough stocks of their own. If prices of oil increase this becomes a burden for everyone. There are countries like the USA which have low reserves and hence want to secure oil through military or economic power. The question of sustainability of development raises many fundamentally new issues about the nature and process of development.

- 387.** The stock of Crude Oil for the world will last for how many more years?
- 70 years
 - 60 years
 - 40 years
 - 50 years.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm387

The reserve of Crude Oil available in the Middle is how many times more than the reserves in the USA?

- 15 times
- 16 times
- 14 times
- 17 times

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm387

Which among the following is a Judicious use of

Crude Oil Reserves.

- Importing from other countries for domestic use.
- overuse of non renewable resources.
- Use of alternative sources of resources.
- None of these.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm387

How do powerful countries secure oil for their use?

- Through military or economic power.
- By buying from the Middle East at higher prices.
- By using alternative sources of energy.
- Putting a restriction on usage of Crude oil in their territories.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm387

Source Based Questions 6 : Read the source given below and answer 6 questions that follow by choosing the most appropriate option:

One way to find out if we are properly nourished is to calculate what nutrition scientists call it BMI. This is easy to calculate. Let each student in the class find out his or her weight and height. Take the weight of each student in kilograms (kg). Then, take the height by drawing up a scale on the wall and measuring accurately with the head straight. Convert the height recorded in centimetres into meters. Divide the weight in kg by the square of the height. The number you get is called BMI. Then, look at the BMI-for-Age tables given on pages 90–91. A student's BMI could be within the normal range or less than that (underweight) or more (obesity). For example, if a girl student is 14 years and 8 month old and the BMI is 15.2, then she is undernourished. Similarly, if the BMI of a boy aged 15 years and 6 months is 28, then he is overweight. Discuss the life situation, food and exercise habits of students, in general, without body shaming anyone.

- 388.** What is BMI?
- Body mass information
 - Body mean information
 - Body mean index
 - Body mass index.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm388

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Identify the correct formula to calculate the BMI.

- (a) Height / Weight²
- (b) Weight / height²
- (c) Weight / height
- (d) weight² / heigh

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm388

Rahul is 5 ft 6 inches tall and he weighs 82 kilos. Calculate his BMI.

- (a) 23.5
- (b) 29.2
- (c) 27.6
- (d) 21.3

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm388

According to Rahul's BMI, he is _____.

- (a) Overweight
- (b) Underweight
- (c) Normal
- (d) Obese.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm388

If a girl student is 14 years and 8 month old and the BMI is 15.2, then she is

- (a) Overweight
- (b) Underweight
- (c) Normal
- (d) Obese

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm388

If the BMI of a boy aged 15 years and 6 months is 28, then he is

- (a) Overweight
- (b) Underweight
- (c) Normal
- (d) Obese

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm388

Source Based Questions 7 : Read the source given below and answer 6 questions that follow by choosing the most appropriate option:

“There are many activities that are undertaken by directly using natural resources. Since most of the natural products we get are from agriculture, dairy, fishing, forestry, this sector is also called agriculture and related sectors. The secondary sector covers activities in which natural products are changed into other forms through ways of manufacturing. This could be in a factory, a workshop, or at home. For example, using cotton fibre from the plant, we spin yarn and weave cloth. Since this sector gradually became associated with the different kinds of industries that came up, it is also called the industrial sector. After primary and secondary, there is a third category of activities that falls under the tertiary sector and are different from the above two. These are activities that help in the development of the primary and secondary sectors. These activities, by themselves, do not produce a good but they are an aid or support for the production process. For example, goods that are produced in the primary or secondary sector would need to be transported by trucks or trains and then sold in wholesale and retail shops. At times, it may be necessary to store these in godowns. Transport, storage, communication, banking, trade are some examples of tertiary activities. Since these activities generate services rather than goods, the tertiary sector is also called the service sector. The service sector also includes some essential services that may not directly help in the production of goods. For example, we require teachers, doctors, and those who provide personal services such as washer-men, barbers, cobblers, lawyers, and people to do administrative and accounting work.”

389. Secondary sector: Workers in a match factory, Tertiary sector: _____

- (a) Bee-keeper
- (b) Milk vendor
- (c) Handloom worker
- (d) Tailor

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm389

Which is the correct option for classification based on nature of activities?

- (a) Organised and unorganised sector
- (b) Public sector and private sector
- (c) Primary, secondary and tertiary sector

- (d) None of these

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm389

“After primary and secondary, there is a third category of activities that falls under the tertiary sector and is different from the above two.” Which of the following is incorrect regarding the given statement?

- (a) These activities do not produce a good by themselves.
 (b) These activities help in the development of the primary and secondary sectors.
 (c) These activities are an aid or support for the production process.
 (d) These activities generate goods rather than services.

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm389

Choose the incorrect pair:

- (a) Call centre employee-Secondary sector
 (b) IT specialists-Quaternary sector
 (c) Potter-Primary Sector
 (d) Money Lender-Tertiary sector

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm389

Which sector is also called as the industrial sector?

- (a) primary
 (b) Secondary
 (c) Tertiary
 (d) None of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm389

Which type of activities do not produce a good?

- (a) primary
 (b) Secondary
 (c) Tertiary
 (d) None of the above

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PURCHASE HARD BOOK

Source Based Questions 8 : Read the source given below and answer 6 questions that follow by choosing the most appropriate option:

You will notice one common thing: what people desire are regular work, better wages, and decent price for their crops or other products that they produce. In other words, they want more income. Besides seeking more income, one-way or the other, people also seek things like equal treatment, freedom, security, and respect of others. They resent discrimination. All these are important goals. In fact, in some cases, these may be more important than more income or more consumption because material goods are not all that you need to live. Money, or material things that one can buy with it, is one factor on which our life depends. But the quality of our life also depends on non-material things mentioned above. If it is not obvious to you, then just think of the role of your friends in your life. You may desire their friendship. Similarly, there are many things that are not easily measured but they mean a lot to our lives. These are often ignored. However, it will be wrong to conclude that what cannot be measured is not important. Similarly, for development, people look at a mix of goals. It is true that if women are engaged in paid work, their dignity in the house hold and society increases. However, it is also the case that if there is respect for women there would be more sharing of housework and a greater acceptance of women working outside. A safe and secure environment may allow more women to take up a variety of jobs or run a business.

390. Which is the most common method of measuring economic development?

- (a) Income
 (b) Selling of produce

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- (c) Import and export
- (d) Employment

If women are engaged in paid work, their dignity in the house hold and society _____.

- (a) increases
- (b) decreases
- (c) not change
- (d) none of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm390

Stable income is attained through

- (a) better wages
- (b) Regular work
- (c) Work opportunities
- (d) Decent price for crops and other products

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm390

□□□□□□

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm390

Besides seeking more income, there is something people resent, what it is?

- (a) Discrimination
- (b) Poverty
- (c) No work
- (d) Getting fewer wages for more work

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Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm390

If women are engaged in paid work, what difference does it make?

- (a) Their dignity in the household and society decreases.
- (b) No difference
- (c) Their dignity in the household and society increases.
- (d) None of the above

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm390

Goals are _____.

- (a) Ultimate aims to be achieved
- (b) Objectives
- (c) Policies
- (d) Assumptions

Solution : www.cbse.site/ss/hm390

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